



Internet Report - Safe staffing September 2017

The information displayed on NHS Choices shows the average percentage of shifts filled per ward by registered nursing and care staff for day and night shifts during September. The percentage shown is derived by calculating the number of staff actually on the shift compared with the number of staff that were planned to be on shift. The Trust has agreed that staffing is safe on a ward when they have at 90% of shifts filled because wards can cope with one less member of staff on a shift providing this does not happen too often.

In assessing whether the wards were staffed safely the following information was considered and whether there was any correlation to reduced staffing levels:

Mental Health and Learning Disability Inpatient Wards

- Actual versus planned staffing levels
- Numbers and types of incidents on each ward every 24 hours
- Number of times prone restraint used on each ward every 24 hours
- Number of patients who abscond or fail to return from leave at the agreed time
- Number of patients found on floor on each ward every 24 hours
- Number of patient on patient assaults on each ward every 24 hours

Community Health Inpatient Rehabilitation Wards

- Actual versus planned staffing levels
- Pressure ulcers developed whilst in the care of our staff declared
- Number of patients found on floor on each ward every 24 hours
- Numbers and types of incidents on each ward every 24 hours

All wards have other professionals working with patients during the day including doctors and allied health professionals such as occupational therapists and physiotherapists. All of these staff along with the nurses provides care to patients on our wards.

The staffing numbers for each ward have been agreed with the Trust Board, ward staff and managers by using nationally recognised workforce tools that take in to account the number of beds on a ward and the amount of care that the patients on the ward need. Some wards have been given extra money to recruit more staff.

Table 2 below displays the total monthly planned staff hours versus actual staff hours (percentage fill). This information is split by day shift/night shift and by registered nurses/unregistered care staff. Parameters against which staffing levels are RAG rated within BHFT are below 90% and above 110% (There are no national parameters). Supporting information alongside each inpatient area provides reasons and actions against their RAG rating

Table 2: Total monthly planned staff hours versus actual staff hours (percentage fill) Increase/decrease in percentage is showed by the preceding arrow for each percentage rate.

	% DAY FILL RATE			_	Bed Occupancy	Reason for any variation	Impact on quality of care or safety
	RN	HCA	RN	HCA	%		
Bluebell	101	120	101.67	120	96.52%	Increase in HCAs due to high number of level 2 observations	Although there was no direct correlation between staffing and any specific incidents that occurred during the month, the high number of temporary staff required throughout the month does cause concern because of the challenge this provides in delivering consistent and good quality care.
Rose	107.5	108.33	98.33	141.67	96.52%	Increase due to level 2 observations	Although there was no direct correlation between staffing and any specific incidents that occurred during the month, the high number of temporary staff required throughout the month does cause concern because of the challenge this provides in delivering consistent and good quality care.
Daisy	95.83	110	100	105	96.07%	Within expected levels	Although there was no direct correlation between staffing and any specific incidents that occurred during the month, the high number of temporary staff required throughout the month does cause concern because of the challenge this provides in delivering consistent and good quality care.
Snowdrop	98.33	105.56	100	101.63	97.62%	Within expected levels	Although there was no direct correlation between staffing and any specific incidents that occurred during the month, the high number of temporary staff required throughout the month does cause concern because of the challenge this provides in delivering consistent and good quality care.
Rowan	105.83	▲ 145.83	100	▲ 181.16	76.00%	Level 2 observations fluctuated throughout the month.	No identified impact on quality and safety of care provided as a result of staffing issues
Orchid	105	1 22.56	99.92	115	86.50%	Increase in HCAs due to level 2 observations	No identified impact on quality and safety of care provided as a result of staffing issues
Sorrel	100	150	103.33	253	76.65%	Increase in HCAs due to high number of level	Although there was no direct correlation between staffing and any specific incidents that occurred during the month, the high number of temporary staff

						2 observations	required throughout the month does cause concern because of the challenge this provides in delivering consistent and good quality care.
Campion	126.67	113.33	100	200	97.41%	Increase in staff due to complex patients	No identified impact on quality and safety of care provided as a result of staffing issues
Jubilee	99.56	94.42	100	98.72	83.18%	Within expected levels	No identified impact on quality and safety of care provided as a result of staffing issues
Henry Tudor	105	▲ 104.15	107.91	4 146.67	84.03%	Increase in night HCAs to meet 1:1 nursing requirements	No identified impact on quality and safety of care provided as a result of staffing issues
Oakwood	96.67	100.34	98.33	101.67	93.19%	Within expected levels	No identified impact on quality and safety of care provided as a result of staffing issues
Highclere	84.20	102.61	105.77	110.26	73.35%	High number of RN vacancies and long term sickness	Although there was no direct correlation between staffing and any specific incidents that occurred during the month, the high number of temporary staff required throughout the month does cause concern because of the challenge this provides in delivering consistent and good quality care.
Donnington	♦ 83.33	97.78 ▼	96.67	95.83	77.44%	Low RNs long term sickness and vacancies, 15 beds closed from 25 th September	Although there was no direct correlation between staffing and any specific incidents that occurred during the month, the high number of temporary staff required throughout the month does cause concern because of the challenge this provides in delivering consistent and good quality care.
Wokingham	80.37	106.43	96.67	96.67	75.73%	Low RNs due to long sickness and vacancies	No identified impact on quality and safety of care provided as a result of staffing issues
Willow House	103.93	107.49	98.13	108	50.42%	Within expected levels	No identified impact on quality and safety of care provided as a result of staffing issues

Helen Mackenzie Director of Nursing and Governance