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### **Developing fine motor skills**

You have been directed to this Advice Sheet because of concerns over fine motor delay in a child.

Fine motor skills are needed to complete activities such as writing, cutting with scissors, dressing, brushing teeth and hair, feeding and playing. They require muscle strengthening and joint stability, hand-eye co- ordination, tactile (touch) awareness, grips and grasps, finger isolation, hand arches, manipulation skills and motor planning.

If you have used this Advice Sheet and not seen improvement after four months, please contact CYPIT.

#### What you may see

The child may demonstrate difficulties with:

- Writing
- Drawing
- Construction toys
- Cutting with scissors
- Threading beads
- Jigsaw puzzles
- Buttons
- Zips
- Shoelaces
- Using a knife and fork
- Washing and drying hands
- Opening packets
- Sensitivity to messy play and/ or touch.

#### **Strategies and Advice**

For sensitivity to messy play please refer to the sensory processing advice sheet

The following activities will support the development of better grip strength, finger isolation, precision grips and hand arches.

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## Section 5 advice sheets

### Palmar grasp and release

This is one of the first stages of a child"s development and is a building block for all other fine motor skills. Activities to help promote gross grasp, strength and release are:

- Squeezing water from sponges at bath time
- Posting toys
- Squeezing play dough
- Scrunching up paper into balls
- Stacking blocks on top of one another
- Throwing objects.

This grasp then develops into more functional grasps, such as a cylindrical grasp, which begins to involve the movement of the wrist. Activities that help to develop such a grasp are:

- Pushing / pulling toys
- Row, row, row your boat holding a broom stick
- Tug-of-war
- Tipping water from a beaker or pouring it from one container into another
- Holding onto the rope of a swing
- Holding onto the handles of a tricycle or pedal car.

### Pincer grip

A pincer grip is the use of an index finger and thumb to pick up, hold and release an object. This is a more precise and refined grip than a "palmar grasp" or "cylindrical grip".

Your child will initially use their thumb and the side of their index finger. It is important to develop this grip as it comes before pencil and scissor grips. It is important for functional activities such as doing up buttons, zips, laces, handwriting and scissor skills. Activities to help develop and refine the pincer grip include:

- Using tweezers to pick up objects and dropping them into containers
- Threading beads
- Playdough pinching, squeezing, patting, poking and pulling it
- Pulling toys using a string
- Lacing and sewing boards
- Picking up small objects such as rice, beads, marbles, raisins and lentils between the thumb and forefinger and placing them into containers
- Tearing paper into strips
- Peeling off small stickers to make into a picture
- Turning pages in a book
- Making paper chains
- Fuzzy Felt
- Playing games with clothes pegs

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# Section 5 advice sheets

- Making pipe cleaners into shapes, objects or animals
- Popping bubble wrap.

### **Finger isolation**

This refers to the ability to point with one finger at a time. This is important for your child to be able to do as it helps with the development of more refined grips such as pincer grip and pencil grip which will aid them with functional activities such as handwriting, using scissors, doing up buttons, zips and laces and using a knife and fork.

Activities to help promote finger isolation are:

- Drawing in a sand tray or shaving foam with a finger (please be aware of skin conditions eg eczema that may be irritated by this activitiy)
- Flicking a ping-pong ball or cotton wool ball using fingers
- Playing with finger puppets
- Finger rhymes such as "Round and round the garden like a teddy bear" or "Incey Wincey Spider"
- Using a keyboard or piano or Ipad
- Pressing beads or poking holes into Playdough using each finger in turn
- Dialling the numbers of a toy telephone
- Water pistols.

### Hand arches

The development of arches in the hand is essential for fine manipulation. They help to shape the hand while holding objects such as a pencil. They allow for controlled pressure and skilled movements of the fingers. They also help the hand to hold objects with sufficient strength.

If these arches are not developed appropriately, your child may experience difficulties with gripping and using tools such as a knife and fork, pencils and scissors. Activities to help develop hand arches are:

- Shaking dice using a cupped hand
- Cutting Playdough using a knife or pizza slice
- Writing with a tiny chalk on a chalkboard using 3 fingertips including the thumb
- Using a turkey baster to blow ping-pong balls or cotton wool balls across a table
- Using Playdough to make balls and press them into the palm of the hand
- Using tweezers or tongs to pick up small objects
- Water spray bottle
- Any activity with buttons, coins or small objects
- Card games
- Squeezing games using sponges, bubble wrap and Playdough.

Please also refer to the In-hand Manipulation Advice Sheet

# Section 5 advice sheets

### **Suggested Resources**

ASCO Educational Supplies Ltd 19 Lockwood Way, Parkside Lane, Leeds LS11 5TH Tel: 0113 270 7070 www.ascoeducational.co.uk

Consortium Hammond Way, Trowbridge, Wiltshire BA14 8RR Tel: 0845 330 7780 www.theconsortium.co.uk

Galt Educational and Pre-school Johnsonbrook Road, Hyde, Cheshire SK14 4QT Tel: 08451 20 30 05 www.galt-educational.co.uk

The Happy Puzzle Company PO Box 586,Elstree, Hertfordshire WD6 3XY Tel: 0844 8482820 www.happypuzzle.co.uk Early Learning Centre

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