

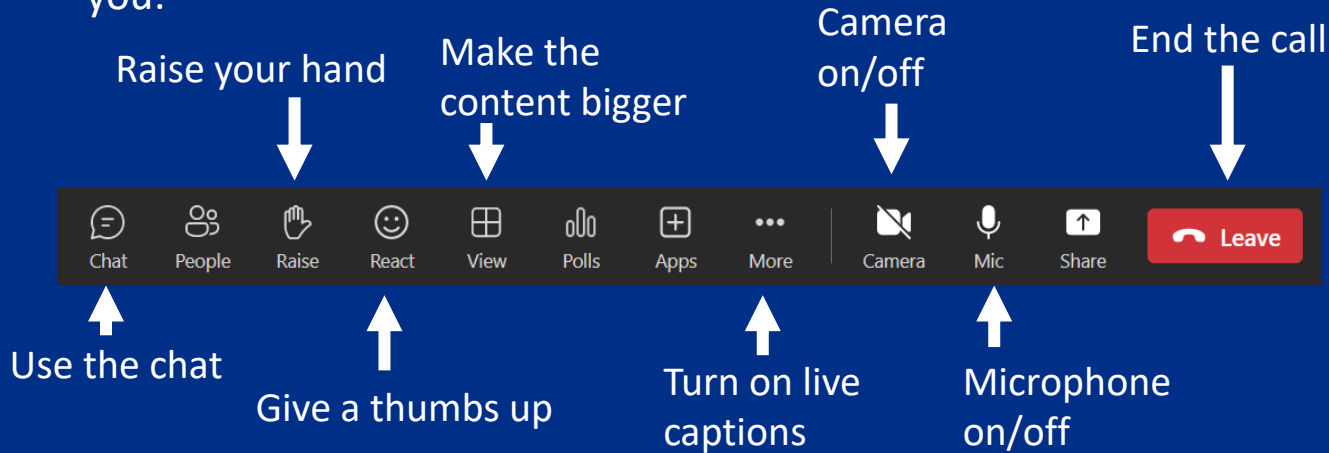
# Expert searching



**Library and  
Knowledge Service**

# Tips for using MS Teams

Find the toolbar at the top or bottom of your screen. This will let you:



For more details on how to use accessibility features in Teams visit this [helpful page from Microsoft](#).

# What is expert searching?

What we mean by expert searching is:

- Searching multiple sources for information
  - Searching specific databases using freetext searching or their thesaurus
-

# When will you need to expert search?

This will depend on the type of question you are trying to answer. But...

- You are studying
  - You are developing a clinical guideline
  - You want to inform your research by knowing what has been published or what research is being undertaken
  - You are doing a systematic review
  - The NHS Knowledge and Library Hub finds too much or not enough information
-

# Sources of mental health evidence?

## General resources:

- Medline
- Embase
- CINAHL
- Trip Pro

## Specialist resources

- PsycInfo
  - Psychology and Behavioral Sciences Collection (full text)
  - PsycArticles (full text)
  - SocINDEX with full text
  - Social Policy and Practice
  - Campbell Collaboration
-

# Sources of nursing evidence?

## General resources:

- Medline
- Embase
- CINAHL
- Trip Pro

## Specialist resources

- Emcare



# Sources of healthcare management evidence?

## General resources:

- Medline
- Embase
- CINAHL
- Trip Pro

## Specialist resources

- Healthcare Management Information Consortium

# Which interfaces do I need?

## EBSCO Host

- CINAHL
- Medline
- PsycInfo
- PsycTherapy
- SocIndex

## Ovid

- Embase
- Emcare
- HMIC
- Medline
- Social Policy & Practice



# Accessing the interfaces

There are several ways to access the interfaces:

- [Searching library resources page on Nexus](#)
  - [Links from the Knowledge and Library Hub](#)
  - [Links from the NICE OpenAthens Hub](#)
-

# Textwords, keywords and subject headings – what's the difference?

## Textword, or free text

- A textword or free text search will find items which have exactly that combination of characters. For example, a search for “schizophrenia” will not find articles which refer to “psychosis” instead. In some databases you can say which field you want to search using a textword. For example in the title or abstract field.

## Keywords

- Usually assigned by authors. A combination of keywords will give you an idea of the whole article. But different authors may use different keywords for the same concept.
-

# Textwords, keywords and subject headings – what's the difference?

## Subject headings

- They are from a controlled vocabulary. Subject headings can help with the variation between authors in their choice of keywords. For example, in PsycInfo searching for Psychosis as a subject heading will find items on schizophrenia, postpartum psychosis and so on

# Using your search terms

- Apply them one at a time and then combine
- Search for relevant subject headings
  - Use the hierarchy or tree of subject headings to find to the most suitable term.
- Don't forget to search for textwords as well
  - Use wildcards eg to replace different word endings eg child\* will retrieve child and children and childhood.
  - Using phrases eg “community care” will retrieve fewer results than community care

# Search filters or hedges

Predefined search strings of textwords and/or subject headings to find items on a concept or a particular study design.

An example for palliative care:

“Terminal Care”[mh] OR caregiver\*[tw] OR bereave\* OR inpatient[tiab] OR  
“attitude to death”[tw] OR “end of life” OR hospice\* OR “terminally ill”[tw]  
OR palliative\*[tw] OR “Advance Care” OR palliat OR advanced OR  
(morphine AND cancer) OR “cancer pain”

Search filters can be specific to a database.

The InterTASC Information Specialists' Sub-Group Search Filter Resource is a good place to look for filters.

---

# Refine your results

- Publication date
- Language of the article
- Population age range (infant, child, adult)
- Full text availability
- Publication type (RCT, review etc)

Refining by “country of publication” isn’t always helpful.

---

# Reviewing and saving results, and saving search histories

Most systems allow you to mark your favourite items, adding them to a clipboard or folder as you go through results. You may need to create an account for the system to do this.

You will then be able to export or save your results by:

- Emailing them to yourself
- Opening or saving them (eg Word, Excel or PDF)
- Saving them to a reference manager

You will be able to save your search histories and use them to set up alerts to let you know when new items have been found.

---

# Reference managers

A reference manager is helpful especially if you use multiple databases, need to cite references in your own documents or manage several projects.

Free reference managers include:

- Zotero: desktop app, up to 300MB free storage
  - Endnote Basic: web-based, up to 50,000 references
  - Mendeley: desktop app, up to 2GB free storage
-



# One click access to articles



Berkshire Healthcare  
NHS Foundation Trust

## Install the Libkey Nomad browser plugin



Access Options  
Berkshire Healthcare NHS  
Foundation Trust

Article preview

Abstract

Introduction

Section snippets

References (36)



Endocrine Practice  
Volume 29, Issue 11, November 2023, Pages 849-854

Original Article

### Diabulimia: A Risky Trend Among Adults with Type 1 Diabetes Mellitus

Eric J. Jo PharmD<sup>1,2</sup>, Shadi Doroudgar PharmD<sup>1</sup>, Aava Salehi BS<sup>1</sup>, Fojan Salehi PharmD<sup>2</sup>, Mitro Najmi PharmD<sup>1</sup>

Show more

+ Add to Mendeley Share Cite

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.eprac.2023.08.001> Get rights and content

Abstract

Objective

Poor adherence leads to worse glycemic control and increased complications in patients with type 1 diabetes mellitus (T1DM). Diabulimia characterizes patients with T1DM who skip or use less insulin for weight loss purposes. The study objectives were to determine: (1) the prevalence of diabulimia among adult patients with T1DM, (2) compare patients with and without diabulimia, and (3) identify factors that may place individuals at higher risk of diabulimia.

Methods

Part of special issue

Diabetes

View special issue

Recommended articles

Prevalence and Trends of Thyroid Disease Among Adults, 1999-2018

Endocrine Practice, Volume 29, Issue 11, 2023, pp. 875-...

Xueue Zhang, ..., Qiuyan Li

Accuracy and Potential Interferences of Continuous Glucose Monitoring Sensors I...

Endocrine Practice, Volume 29, Issue 11, 2023, pp. 919-...

Virginia Bellido, ..., Rodolfo J. Galindo

The Rising Incidence of Hyperinsulinemic Hypoglycemia: Connection With Materna...

Endocrine Practice, Volume 29, Issue 12, 2023, pp. 980-...

Sabitha Sasidharan Pillai, ..., Lisa Swartz Topor

Show 3 more articles

Article Metrics



Captures

Access Options  
Berkshire Healthcare NHS  
Foundation Trust

3

Cite

Share





**Diabulimia: An updated perspective.**  
Ferreiro Franco R, García de Lorenzo A, González Castro A. *Enferm Clin (Engl Ed)*. 2021 Nov-Dec;31(6):396-397. doi: 10.1016/j.enfcl.2021.02.003. Epub 2021 Jun 9. PMID: 34116976

Access Options No abstract available.

4

Cite

Share



**The role of diabetes distress in Diabulimia.**  
Poos S, Faerovitch M, Pinto C, Jamalkhani N, Chaudhri F, Khan S, Lo DF, McGowan K, Martin A. *J Eat Disord*. 2023 Dec 1;11(1):213. doi: 10.1186/s40337-023-00924-7. PMID: 38041170

Download PDF View Complete Issue Free PMC article.



Review.

IMPORTANCE: **Diabulimia** is a disordered eating behavior in which a person with type 1 diabetes withholds insulin injections to lose weight. It is thought that the psychosocial stress of managing this chronic disease, which is termed diabetes distress, may contribute to deve ...

5

Cite

Share



**Eating Disorders and Diabetes.**  
Winston AP. *Curr Diab Rep*. 2020 Jun 15;20(6):32. doi: 10.1007/s11892-020-01320-0. PMID: 32537669

Article Link View Complete Issue Review.

RECENT FINDINGS: The combination of type 1 diabetes and an eating disorder is sometimes known as "**diabulimia**". The hallmark of the condition is that the patient deliberately takes an inadequate amount of insulin in order control their body weight (insulin restriction). ...

# Making the most of EbscoHost

# Searching by subject heading

[Clear](#) [?](#)

[Basic Search](#) [Advanced Search](#) [Search History](#)

Tick the Suggest Subject Term box  
and put your term into the search field

## Search Options

### Search Modes and Expanders

#### Search modes [?](#)

- ☒ Boolean/Phrase
- ☐ Find all my search terms
- ☐ Find any of my search terms
- ☐ SmartText Searching [Hint](#)

#### Apply related words

☐

#### Also search within the full text of the articles

☐

#### Apply equivalent subjects

☒

# Searching by subject heading

New SearchPublicationsCINAHL Subject HeadingsCite

Database: CINAHL ?  
[Basic Search](#) [Advanced Search](#) [Search History](#)

CINAHL Subject Headings [View Tutorials](#)

Results For: wound care

☒ Check box to view subheadings.

Click linked term for tree view.

Explode (+) ?

Major C  
oncept

Scope

☒ [Wound Care](#)

☐ [Wound Care \(Saba CCC\)](#)

☐ [Surgical Wound Care](#)

☐ [Wound Care: Closed Drainage \(Iowa NIC\)](#)

☐ [Wound Care \(Iowa NIC\)](#)

☐ [Association for the Advancement of Wound Care](#)

☒☐☐☐☐☐

☒☐☐☐☐☐

Subheadings for: Wound Care

☒ Include All Subheadings  
Or select one or more subheadings to restrict your search

☐ Adverse Effects/AE

☐ Classification/CL

☐ Contraindications/CT

☐ Economics/EC

☐ Education/ED

☐ Equipment And Supplies/ES

☐ Ethical Issues/EI

Search Database

Search TermExplode (+)Major Co  
ncept

Wound Care☒☒☒

Use “Scope” to check the definition.

Use “Explode” to include all narrower terms.

Use “Major Concept” if you only want articles where this is the main topic.

Use “Subheadings” to specify eg Education/ED

# Searching by textword



Berkshire Healthcare  
NHS Foundation Trust

[New Search](#) [Publications](#) [CINAHL Subject Headings](#) [Cited References](#) [Citation Matcher](#) [More ▾](#)

[Sign In](#) [Folder](#) [Preferences](#) [Languages ▾](#) [Help](#) [Exit](#)



Searching: **CINAHL** [Choose Databases](#)

☐ Suggest Subject Terms

diabet\*

Select a Field (optional) ▾

Search

AND ▾

Select a Field (optional) ▾

[Clear](#) [?](#)

AND ▾

Select a Field (optional) ▾



[Basic Search](#) [Advanced Search](#) [Search History ▾](#)

HEALTH EDUCATION  
ENGLAND (NATIONAL)

## Search History/Alerts

[Print Search History](#) [Retrieve Searches](#) [Retrieve Alerts](#) [Save Searches / Alerts](#)

☐ Select / deselect all

**Search with AND**

**Search with OR**

**Delete Searches**

**Refresh Search Results**

Search ID#	Search Terms	Search Options	Actions
<input type="checkbox"/> S1	(MM "Wound Care+")	<b>Expanders</b> - Apply equivalent subjects <b>Search modes</b> - Boolean/Phrase	<a href="#">View Results</a> (18,338)   <a href="#">View Details</a>   <a href="#">Edit</a>


« **Refine Results**

Search Results: 1 - 50 of 264,327

Date Newest ▾ Page Options ▾ Share ▾

# Searching by field (eg author)

New Search Publications CINAHL Subject Headings Cited References Citation Matcher More ▾

 New search

Searching: **CINAHL** | [Choose Databases](#)

☐ Suggest Subject Terms

zhang

AND ▾

AND ▾

Select a Field

Select a Field

Select a Field (optional)

- TX All Text
- TI Title
- AU Author**
- AB Abstract
- MW Word in Subject Heading
- MH Exact Subject Heading
- MJ Word in Major Subject Heading
- MM Exact Major Subject Heading

[Basic Search](#) [Advanced Search](#) [Search History](#)

Search Options

# Combining searches

[Basic Search](#) [Advanced Search](#) [Search History](#) ▼

## Search History/Alerts

[Print Search History](#) [Retrieve Searches](#) [Retrieve Alerts](#) [Save Searches / Alerts](#)

☒ Select / deselect all

**Search with AND**

**Search with OR**

**Delete Searches**

[Search](#) [Search Terms](#)  
ID#

☒ S3  AU zhang


**Expanders** - Apply equivalent subjects

 [View Results](#) (108,960)

 [View Details](#)

 [Edit](#)

**Search modes** - Boolean/Phrase

☒ S2  diabet\*


**Expanders** - Apply equivalent subjects

 [View Results](#) (264,327)

 [View Details](#)

 [Edit](#)

**Search modes** - Boolean/Phrase

☒ S1  (MM "Wound Care+")

**Expanders** - Apply equivalent subjects

 [View Results](#) (18,338)

 [View Details](#)

 [Edit](#)

**Search modes** - Boolean/Phrase

[Refine Results](#) Search Results: 1 - 12 of 12

Date Newest ▼

Page Options ▼

Share ▼

Display search history

Select the searches you want to combine and click relevant button.

To use NOT, put the search into the search box eg: (S1 AND S2) NOT S3

# Reviewing and refining results

Refine Results

Current Search

Boolean/Phrase:  
S1 AND S2 AND S3

Expanders

Apply equivalent subjects

Limit To

☐ Linked Full Text

☐ References Available

☐ Abstract Available

From: 2013 To: 2021

Publication Date

Show More

Source Types

☒ All Results

Academic Journals (12)

Search Results: 1 - 12 of 12

Date Newest Page Options Share

Folder has items

Novel home use of mechanical negative pressure wound therapy in **diabetic** foot ulcers.



Go to: Folder View

Academic Journal

(includes abstract) Lim, Xuxin; **Zhang**, Li; Hong, Qiantai; Yong, Enming; Neo, Shufen; Chandrasekar, Sadhana; Tan, Glenn Wei Leong; Lo, Zhiwen Journal of Wound Care, Dec2021; 30(12): 1006-1010. (5p) (Article - pictorial, research, tables/charts) ISSN: 0969-0700 AN: 154009478

Abstract: Objective: Mechanical negative pressure wound therapy is an ultraportable, light weight and disposable single-use device that has been shown to promote wound healing. This study evaluated home use of a mechanically powered negative pressure wound therapy (NPWT) in **diabetic** foot wounds. Methods: Patients underwent revascularisation and/or debridement or amputation before starting mechanical NPWT. Wound outcomes and images of the wounds were recorded at each follow-up visit by the wound nurse. Patients were followed up until wound closure or end of therapy. Results: A total of 12 patients (each with one wound) were included in the study. Of the 12 wounds, 33.3% (n=4) of wounds achieved primary wound closure while the remaining 66.6% (n=8) of wounds demonstrated a mean wound size reduction of 37.5±0.13%. Of the closed wounds, mean time to healing was 4.75±2.50 weeks. There was 100% limb salvage with no further debridement or amputations, and no 30-day unplanned readmissions. Mean length of hospital stay before starting home NPWT was 9.75±6.31 days. Mean number of NPWT changes was 8.33±2.67 sessions, while mean duration of therapy was 4.0±1.54 weeks. Mean cost of home NPWT therapy was US\$1904±731 per patient. Conclusion: The home use of mechanically powered NPWT in **diabetic** foot wounds demonstrated excellent wound healing rates and 100% limb salvage, with no complications.

Subjects: Negative Pressure Wound Therapy Methods; **Diabetic** Foot Therapy; Home Environment; Middle Aged: 45-64 years; Male; Female

Full Text via LibKey Link

2. Treatment of **Diabetic** Foot Ulcers With Necrotizing Fasciitis in the Lower Leg Using

STAGE 1: Initial Assessment and Management of the Wound



# Saving items

My Folder

Articles (3)

Images (0)

Videos (0)

Companies (0)

Pages (0)

eBooks (0)

audioBooks (0)

Checkouts (0)

Holds (0)

Notes (0)

Other Content Sources (0)

Persistent Links to

Searches (0)

Saved Searches (0)

## My Folder: Articles

1-3 of 3

Page: 1

Date Added ▾ Page Options ▾

☐ Select / deselect all

Delete Items

Copy To ▾

Move To ▾

- ☐ 1. [Novel home use of mechanical negative pressure wound therapy in diabetic foot ulcers.](#)



Academic  
Journal

(Includes abstract) Lim, Xuxin; Zhang, Li; Hong, Qiantai; Yong, Enming; Neo, Shufen; Chandrasekar, Sadhana; Tan, Glenn Wei Leong; Lo, Zhiwen Joseph Journal of Wound Care, Dec2021; 30(12): 1006-1010. (5p) (Article - pictorial, research, tables/charts) ISSN: 0969-0700 AN: 154009478, Database: CINAHL

Abstract: Objective: Mechanical negative pressure wound therapy is an ultraportable, light weight and disposable single-use device that has been shown to promote wound healing. This study evaluated home use of a mechanically powered negative pressure wound therapy (NPWT) in diabetic foot wounds. Methods: Patients underwent revascularisation and/or debridement or amputation before starting mechanical NPWT. Wound outcomes and images of the wounds were recorded at each follow-up visit by the wound nurse. Patients were followed up until wound closure or end of therapy. Results: A total of 12 patients (each with one wound) were included in the study. Of the 12 wounds, 33.3% (n=4) of wounds achieved primary wound closure while the remaining 66.6% (n=8) of wounds demonstrated a mean wound size reduction of 37.5±0.13%. Of the closed wounds, mean

Print

E-mail

Save as  
File





Export

# Saving your search history

## Search History/Alerts

[Print Search History](#) [Retrieve Searches](#) [Retrieve Alerts](#) [Save Searches / Alerts](#)

☐ Select / deselect all

Search ID#	Search Terms	Search Options
<input type="checkbox"/> S4	 S1 AND S2 AND S3	<b>Expanders</b> - Apply e <b>Search modes</b> - Bo
<input type="checkbox"/> S3	 AU zhang	<b>Expanders</b> - Apply e <b>Search modes</b> - Bo
<input type="checkbox"/> S2	 diabet*	<b>Expanders</b> - Apply e <b>Search modes</b> - Bo
<input type="checkbox"/> S1	 (MM "Wound Care+")	<b>Expanders</b> - Apply e <b>Search modes</b> - Bo



[Back](#)

### Folder List

Name of Search/Alert wound care + diabetes + zhang

Description

Date Created

3/15/2022

MEDLINE

CINAHL

Psychology and Behavioral Sciences Collection

Library, Information Science & Technology Abstracts

Databases

Search Strategy

Interface

Save Search As

S1 AND S2 AND S3

EBSCOhost

☐ Saved Search (Permanent)

☐ Saved Search (Temporary, 24 hours)

☒ Alert

Frequency:

Once a day

Articles published within the last

No Limit

Run Alert for

One Year

Alert Options

Alert results format

☒ Brief ☐ Detailed ☐ Bibliographic Manager

E-mail Properties

☒ Limit EBSCOhost access to only the articles sent


☒ Email all alerts and notices

# Making the most of OVID

# Searching by subject heading

[Search](#) [Journals](#) [Books](#) [Multimedia](#) [My Workspace](#) [What's New](#)

Search History (0) ▾

View Saved 

☐ # ▲ Searches

ResultsTypeActionsAnnotations

- - - -

SaveRemove

Combine with: ANDOR

Save AllEditCreate RSSCreate Auto-AlertView Saved

Basic SearchFind CitationSearch ToolsSearch FieldsAdvanced SearchMulti-Field Search

1 resource selectedHideChange

ⓘ HMIC Health Management Information Consortium 1979 to November 2023

☒ Keyword☐ Author☐ Title☐ Journal

☐ Include Multimedia☒ Map Term to Subject Heading

Limits ▾

safe staffing

Search

Make sure you are using  
Advanced Search.  
Enter words and tick Map  
to Subject Heading

# Searching by subject heading

## Your term mapped to the following Subject Headings:

Click on a subject heading to view more general and more specific terms within the thesaurus.

**i** Any term you select will automatically be exploded to include all narrower terms. To select a term without exploding, clear the Explode checkbox for that term.

☐ Include All Subheadings

Combine with:

OR

Continue

Includes all  
narrower terms

Check the  
definition  
of a term

Select	Subject Heading	Auto Explode	Scope
<input type="checkbox"/>	Nurses	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">i</a>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	staff levels	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">i</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Patient safety	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">i</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	NHS	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">i</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	wards	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">i</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Care assistants	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">i</a>

In some databases you can use “Major” if you only want articles where this is the main topic of the paper.

# Searching by textword

Search History (1) ^

View Saved

☐ # ▲ Searches

ResultsTypeActionsAnnotations

☐ 1 exp staff levels/

643AdvancedDisplay ResultsMore

SaveRemove

Combine with:ANDOR

Save AllEditCreate RSSCreate Auto-AlertView Saved

Share Search History

Basic SearchFind CitationSearch ToolsSearch FieldsAdvanced SearchMulti-Field Search

1 resource selectedHideChange

① HMIC Health Management Information Consortium 1979 to November 2023

☒ Keyword☐ Author☐ Title☐ Journal

COVID or coronavir

Search

☐ Include Multimedia☐ Map Term to Subject Heading

Limits

Remember to untick  
Map to Subject Heading

# Searching by field (eg author)

Click to see a full list of all the fields in this database.

Basic Search Find Citation Search Tools **Search Fields** Advanced Search Multi-Field Search

1 resource selected Hide Change

HMIC Health Management Information Consortium 1979 to November 2023

kulkarni \$

Enter word or phrase

Search Display Indexes →

My Fields All Fields Clear Selected Help

<input type="checkbox"/> af: All Fields	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ab: Abstract	<input type="checkbox"/> an: Accession Number	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> au: Author	<input type="checkbox"/> cl: Classification	<input type="checkbox"/> cf: Conference
<input type="checkbox"/> ca: Corporate Author	<input type="checkbox"/> cw: Corporate Author Word	<input type="checkbox"/> dp: Date of Publication	<input type="checkbox"/> do: Digital Object Identifier	<input type="checkbox"/> dn: Dissertation Note	<input type="checkbox"/> es: Edition
<input type="checkbox"/> ed: Editor	<input type="checkbox"/> fq: Frequency	<input type="checkbox"/> hw: Heading Words	<input type="checkbox"/> ib: ISBN	<input type="checkbox"/> is: ISSN	<input type="checkbox"/> io: Information Provider
<input type="checkbox"/> ip: Issue/Part	<input type="checkbox"/> jn: Journal Name	<input type="checkbox"/> jc: Journal Word	<input type="checkbox"/> lg: Language	<input type="checkbox"/> lp: Library Publication Type	<input type="checkbox"/> nt: Notes
<input type="checkbox"/> od: Original Description	<input type="checkbox"/> ot: Other Title	<input type="checkbox"/> pg: Pagination	<input type="checkbox"/> pt: Publication Type	<input type="checkbox"/> pb: Publisher Information	<input type="checkbox"/> st: Series
<input type="checkbox"/> sr: Statement of Responsibility	<input type="checkbox"/> sh: Subject Headings	<input type="checkbox"/> sp: Supplement	<input type="checkbox"/> ti: Title	<input type="checkbox"/> ur: URL	<input type="checkbox"/> ut: Unauthorized Term
<input type="checkbox"/> up: Update Code	<input type="checkbox"/> vo: Volume	<input type="checkbox"/> yr: Year of Publication			

Don't know author's forenames, use \$ to find all items which have that surname

# Combining searches

Use the drop down arrow to show your search history

Search History (3) ^

☐ # ▲ Searches

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	exp staff levels/	643	Advanced	Display Results	More ▾	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	(COVID or coronav*).mp. [mp=title, other title, abstract, heading words]	3055	Advanced	Display Results	More ▾	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	kulkarni \$.au.	10	Advanced	Display Results	More ▾	

Combine with:

Basic Search Find Citation Search Tools Search Fields Advanced Search Multi-Field Search

1 resource selected

HMIC Health Management Information Consortium 1979 to November 2023

Enter word or phrase

Select the search lines you want to combine then pick AND or OR.  
To use NOT, or to combine search lines in different combinations, put your instruction into the search box in this format eg (1 and 2) not 3.



# Reviewing and refining results

The screenshot shows a research database interface with several red annotations:

- Top Right:** A red circle highlights the 'Print', 'Email', 'Export', and 'My Projects' icons.
- Search Information Panel (Left):** A large red oval highlights the 'Sort by' dropdown menu and the 'Filter By' section, which includes 'Add to Search History', 'Selected Only (0)', 'Years' (with sub-options: All Years, Current year, Past 3 years, Past 5 years), and 'Specific Year Range'.
- Search Results:** A red circle highlights the 'Abstract' link under the first result.
- Get Full Text Button:** A red circle highlights the 'Get Full Text' button, which has a flame icon.

The search results show the following information:

☐ All    Range: Ex: 1-4, 7    Clear    View: [List Icon] [Menu Icon]    Results per page: 10

☐ 1. **The value of allied health professional research engagement on healthcare performance: a systematic review.**

**Chalmers, S. Hill, J. Connell, L. Ackerley, S. Kulkarni, A. Roddam, H.**

*BMC Health Service Research, 2023; 23 (766): (18 July 2023)*

Publisher Information  
2023

Abstract ^

AB BACKGROUND: Existing evidence suggests that clinician and organisation engagement in research can improve healthcare performance. With the increase in allied health professional (AHP) research activity, it is imperative for healthcare organisations, clinicians, managers, and leaders to understand research engagement specifically within allied health fields. This systematic review aims to examine the value of research engagement by allied health professionals and organisations on healthcare performance. METHODS: This systematic review had a two-stage search strategy. Firstly, the papers from a previous systematic review examining the effect of research engagement in health care were screened to identify papers published pre-2012. Secondly, a multi-database search was used to conduct a re-focused update of the previous review, focusing specifically on allied health to identify publications from 2012-2021. Studies which examined the value of allied health research engagement on healthcare performance were included. All stages of the review were conducted by two reviewers independently. Each study was assessed using the appropriate Joanna Briggs Institute critical appraisal tool. A narrative synthesis was completed to analyse the similarities and differences between and within the different study types. RESULTS: 22 studies were included, comprising of mixed research designs, of which six were ranked as high importance. The findings indicated that AHP research engagement appears related to positive findings in improvements to processes of care. The review also identified the most common mechanisms which may link research engagement with these improvements. DISCUSSION: This landmark systematic review and narrative synthesis suggests value in AHP research engagement in terms of both processes of care and more tentatively, of healthcare outcomes. While caution is required because of the lack of robust research studies, overall the findings support the agenda for growing AHP research. Recommendations are made to improve transparent reporting of AHP research engagement and to contribute essential evidence of the value of AHP research engagement.

[Abstract]

Cite    + My Projects    + Annotate

Limits depend on the database.

# Saving your search history

Search Journals Books Multimedia My Workspace What's New

Search History (4)

☐ # ▲ Searches

		Results	Type	Actions	Annotations	
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	exp staff levels/	643	Advanced	Display Results More ▾	
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	(COVID or coronav*).mp. [mp=title, other title, abstract, heading words]	3055	Advanced	Display Results More ▾	
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	kulkarni \$.au.	10	Advanced	Display Results More ▾	
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	1 and 2 and 3	1	Advanced	Display Results More ▾	

Create an OVID  
personal account.

## Save Your Search or Create an Alert

Search name

Enter an easy to find title for this search

Comment

Optional

Add a description, you can change it later.

Type

Permanent ▾

# Resources

- [ISSG Search Filters Resource](#)
- [Books on literature review process](#)
- [The Literature search process: guidance for NHS researchers v7 2019](#) (pdf on Nexus)

## Supplier tutorials and search tips

- [Ebsco Advanced searching](#)
  - [Ovid Advanced Search](#)
-